THE MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, January 25, 1759.

The Pages were LONDON GAZETTE.

WHITEHALL, October 21.

THIS Morning a Messenger arrived at the Earl of Holderness's Office, with Letters from Andrew Mitchell, Esq; his Majesty's Minister to the King of Prussia, dated the 16th Instant, from Dresden, importing

That on the 14th at Night in the Morning, the Right Wing of the Prussian Army, encamped at Hoch-kirch, was unexpectedly attacked by the Austrians, and put into some Confusion; but that the brave Resistance made by the Regiments of the Margrave Charles, and the Prince of Prussia, gave Time to the Rest of the Troops to get under Arms; and the King of Prussia coming in Person to that Part of the Army, the Enemy was repulsed. His Prussian Majesty afterwards thought proper to remove his Camp from Hoch-kirch, and unite with his Right Wing towards Budissin; so that the Post it now occupies is between Budissin and Wurtzburg, with the Head Quarters at Doberschutz. Marshal Keith and Prince Francis of Brunswick were unfortunately killed in the Confusion of the Beginning of the Action. Prince Maurice of Dessau, and Major General Geith, are slightly wounded. During the whole Time his Prussian Majesty exposed himself to the greatest Danger.

From the London Gazette, October 21.

An authentic Relation of what has passed at the King of Prussia's Army since the Battle of Torgau, to the Action of the 14th of October, 1758.

Berlin, October 21. The Body of Troops under the King left the Camp of Bunzlow the 22d of September, and joined the Army, which was coming under the Command of the Margrave Charles from Stieffa, the 9th at Grossenhayn. On the 10th they marched on the Heights between Moritzburg and Dresden, after which he pitched his Camp at Schoenfeld; the Enemy had drawn all Saxony back, from whence he was followed by General Retzow. We send near 300 of the Russian Prisoners. General Retzow encamped at Fischbach, after which the Army made a Movement to the Left, and marched to Kamenz. The principal Part of Dresden is burnt to Ashes. Two Days after we changed General Laudohn's Position, and encamped at Marxdorf. Marshal Daun thought proper to remain in his Camp at Stolpen, then encamped on the Mountain of Wilsdruff, the King and General Retzow also to their Corps, and General Fouque to that of the Prince of Prussia. The Enemy, while Dresden was burning, fired upon the Heights of Antonstadt, and Marshal Daun was encamped at Kesselsdorf. The King, having dislodged the Austrians from Hoch-kirch, and posted himself upon the Eminence, which extends from Hoch-kirch towards Greditz. In the Night between the 13th and 14th, the Prussians marched in Order of Battle to drive in our Right, and at the Break of Day was extremely dark, and the Fog very thick, the Prussians having marched by the Rear of the Austrians, which were at the very Extremity of our Front. By that Means they got into the Village, and fell on Fire, and thereby cutting the Battalions, which had entered the Village, to Pieces, and taking many Prisoners. The Austrians immediately formed a Front to the Village, and attacked the Prussians with great Fury, but were repulsed both by our Infantry and Cavalry. General Retzow was at the same Time attacked by Count Daun in Person, with the Grenadiers of Daun, the Regiment of Deutschmeister, and the Regiment of Prince Lobkowitz, and 24 Squadrons of Cuirassiers, but was obliged to join the Army, the Loss of which was executed at the Time they entered Dresden, to reinforce the Right, which was also by the Wrong, except the Regiment of Prince Francis, which, having retreated the first to Possession the Village, could not join the Army. Again, this was obliged to lay down their Arms. The Foot on the Right was attacked from Half an Hour after Four till Ten, when the Army received Orders to retire. General Fouque posted himself on a Height, where he was attacked by the Enemy's Cavalry, but repulsed them with Loss. It is computed the Loss of the Austrians in the Action at Hoch-kirch to be 20,000 Men. Prince Maurice of Anhalt is wounded; and it is said he was going to Bautzen in a Coach, with Baron Trautner. General Gaal is wounded in the Arm, and Major General Crusemark of the Cuirassiers, in the Shoulder. The King, the Margrave, and all the Generals, who were in the Action, have either received Contusions, or had their Horses wounded. We cannot as yet make an exact Estimate of our Loss, but it may be computed on the Whole that we have lost 5000 Men. Night favoured the Retreat of the Right from taking their Tents, by which we were greatly incommoded, and they consequently lost. But these are Misfortunes which are sometimes unavoidable in the Chances of War. We have about 1500 of the Enemy Prisoners, among whom is the General Marquis de Vinsleschi. We hope soon to give the Public better News.

We may add, to this Account, that since it was written our Loss has greatly increased by the Return of a great Number of Soldiers, who were separated from their Corps during the Engagement. The Loss of the Enemy greatly exceeds ours.

The Russian Army has finally left Pomerania, and divides its March, part through Neu-Kerre and Kalies, two Towns in the New Marche, upon the Frontiers of Poland.

Gotha, October 11. The King of Prussia was very near being taken the 7th Instant by a Body of Austrians, who were on the Point of surrounding him at Neustadt, where he went to the Post Office. Colonel Puttlitz, who had got away in Time from the Enemy's Hussars, was Master of Artillery, accompanied by an Aid-de-camp, the Hussar Hutten. But of all Those, and the Party that escaped the Post of Neustadt, not one escaped.

Vienna, October 13. According to the Accounts received from Marshal Daun, of the Victory the 14th Instant, his Excellency sent us his Hussars in the following Order, viz. 80 Pieces of Cannon, 40 Colours and Standards, and 1500 Prisoners, and the Whole Prussian Camp. The Enemy had 6000 killed and wounded in the Action. Our Loss is computed at 4000. Among our Slain is Lt. Gen. Thomas, Colonel of the Regiment of Old Lowenstein Dragoons; an Officer of great Merit. The Generals Marquis d'Ayasa, Count Brown, Buccow, Gemingen and Count Harbeckirk are wounded, as is likewise Colonel Brown, and Lt. Gen. Fouque dangerously, that it is thought he cannot recover.

Paris, October 21. A Courier is full arrived at our Court from Madrid, with Advice that his Catholic Majesty is in all but his Life is apprehended to be in Danger.

Dresden, October 22. The Army of Marshal de Contades marched the 18th from Hamm, and arrived the 19th at Soldentheim, where it remained till the 21st. It was to march forward the 23d; and as the Hanoverians are assembling their Forces between Lipstadt and Soest, it is not doubted but that there will be an Action very soon. The French sent their Baggage to Dortmund the 21st Instant upon that Account.

We learn from the Army of the Empress Queen, that the King of Prussia was, on the 18th Instant, in Camp near Stolpen, in Order of Battle; that Marshal Daun was advancing against him, and was within half a League of him. General Laudohn posted in Pulsnitz on the Right. It is said that he has taken 800 Baggage Waggons, and 500 Ammunition Waggons.

Gibraltar, October 13. We have attacked the 15th Inflant by a Body of Prussians commanded by General Fouque, and the Preservation of their Number obliged us to retreat; which General Haddick performed in a deserving Manner without the Loss of 1 Single Man. On the 17th we were attacked again, when the Enemy was put to Flight, leaving upon the Field of Battle a great Number of Killed and Wounded. We are once more in Possession of Freyberg and Dresden, and have our Head-Quarters here, from whence the Croats make Incursions as far as Altenburg.

Krefeld, Nov. 1. By a List of the Killed and Wounded of the Imperial and Royal Army in the Battle of Hoch-kirchen, it appears, that there were in all 1020 killed, 5972 wounded. We can't give any Account of the missing and strayed, because some of them are hourly returning to the Army. We took from the Enemy 101 Pieces of Cannon, 44 cover'd Waggons, 17 Waggons, and 9 Chests of Balls.

LONDON, October 21.

Six Regiments of Horse are under Orders to hold themselves in Readiness to march for Embarkation, on a Day's Notice.

Extract of a Letter from Portsmouth, October 19.

"There never was greater Expedition used in equipping a Fleet, than there has been in that of Commodore Keppel. Yesterday Howard's Regiment embarked hence, and the Transports failed to Southampton to take in another; a third Regiment will embark at Plymouth, and a great Number of Marines are already on board. The Commodore made a Signal to unmoor, and it is generally thought will fail this Day or To-morrow, in the Torbay, of 74 Guns, with the Nassau, of 90 Guns, Temple, 64, Panther, 60, and Prince Edward 40 Guns; with several Frigates, Bomb Vessels, Fire-ships, and Transports.

"Capt. Robert Hughes, in the Norfolk, is appointed a Commodore of several Men of War, which will be equipt immediately on the Departure of Commodore Keppel's Squadron."

The Ruffians, who are generally depreciated, are extremely struck with the Loss of their Men of War, which blew up lately, and one of which Crew there was not a Soul saved.

In a Letter received by a Merchant at Amsterdam from his Correspondent at Stettin, it is affirmed that the Swedish Troops, under the Command of Count Hamilton, had positive Orders from the Court of Sweden, to be ready to embark immediately, in order to return home.

A private Letter by the last Dutch Mail advises, that the French Fleet at Brest attempted to sail from thence, but found themselves so closely blocked up by the English, that there was no getting out without coming to an Engagement with them, which they thought proper to avoid, and therefore put back again.

An English Privateer, of 28 Guns, and upwards of 70 Men, is taken by the Felicite, a French Frigate, who carried her into Rochfort the 28th ult.

October 24. It is said that several Princes of Germany are disgusted with some of the Proceedings of the Court of Vienna, and it's Allies, and are resolved to withdraw their Contingents.

We are credibly informed that General Bligh has resigned; and that Major General Waldegrave is to have the Command of General Bligh's Regiment of Horse.

Yesterday Orders were sent to Portsmouth to expedite the Armament lying there for the several Expeditions against the French.

A general Survey is ordered to be made of the present Condition of the Fortifications of all the Forts and Garrisons in this Kingdom, with an Estimate of the Charge of repairing each, in order to be laid before the Parliament.

October 26. According to some private Ac-

of the 14th Instant, between the Prussians and Austrians, Marshal Keith had three Horses shot under him before he was killed, and the Duke of Prussia was twice disarmed; upon the whole, the Affair is look'd upon to be little more than a general Engagement.

The French Army under the Prince of Soubise, according to several Letters, are preparing to take up their Winter Quarters in the Landgraviate of Hesse-Cassel; but before that is effected, in all human Probability, another Engagement must ensue.

Letters from Madrid by Way of Genoa of the 30th of September, confirm, that his Catholic Majesty continued very ill, had been bled twice, and that his Brother, the Infant Don Lewis, transacts all public Business during his Indisposition.

We hear that two grand Expeditions are to be undertaken early in the Spring, the Season being too far advanced for putting the same into Execution at this Time, on account of the extraordinary Preparations required to be made for the same.

October 28. They write from Portsmouth, that Commodore Hughes sailed on Wednesday after Noon with four Men of War of the Line, and two Frigates, under his Command; and that they were to stop at Plymouth, and there be joined by four Ships of the Line more, and some Bombs. It is likewise said, that they have on board 6000 Land Forces, and that they are either bound for Martinico or Guadaloupe.

Extract of a Letter from Portsmouth, dated October 26.

"On Monday Afternoon sailed from Spithead to St. Helens his Majesty's Ships Royal George, Magnanime, and Alcide, and the same Evening proceeded to the Bay.

"On Wednesday Morning arrived at St. Helens, from London, two bomb-ketches, which are to join the Fleet which is going to the West-Indies.

"His Majesty's Ship Seahorse arrived at Spithead a few days ago, and brings Word, that off Ostend, in Company with an English Frigate, she fell in with the Bellelle Privateer of 40 Guns, and a Frigate of 32; that they had a running Fight of above 3 hours; and that the French got into Ostend in a very shattered Condition. A few days before this Action, the above French Vessel fell in with Capt. Lockhart, but shewed him her Heels, and got into Ostend.

"Our Troops embarked with the greatest Willingness. Never was there known a greater Instance of Emulation than reigns amongst the Troops on this Expedition. Every Thing has concurred to the speedy Equipment of the Fleet, which, with the almost inconceivable Satisfaction of the Land and Sea Forces, gives a good Omen of Success, and which, under Providence, we have great Reason to hope."

By all Accounts from France, it is conjectured there, that the English are determined soon to make a Defcent between Calais and Boulogne; and the French Guards that were ordered to return to Paris from Flanders, have received counter Orders, and are to remain along the Coast in Winter Quarters.

It is reported that Vice Admiral Knowles will speedily be sent out with a strong Squadron, and several Engineers, on a secret Expedition.

Several Transports are taken up in his Majesty's Service, to carry Provisions, Stores, &c. to Louisbourg.

It is said an Express is arrived from Admiral Boscawen, with Advice that the said Admiral and Sir Charles Hardy, on their Return from America with four Ships of the Line, and one Frigate, fell in with five French Line of Battle Ships and a Frigate, and engaged them, and were lying by in the Night, in order to renew the Fight next Morning; this has happened off the Lizard; and as the French were chaces, being just come out of Brest, Admiral Boscawen dispatched a Frigate to Plymouth, desiring an immediate Reinforcement, and that some Ships might slip out at the first Time, and steer for Brest, to intercept the French Squadron, in case they should make for that Port after the Engagement was over. In the Passage Admiral Boscawen parted Company from three Ships that were under his Command.

The Orford Man of War has taken a Spanish Privateer, and has brought her into Plymouth. The Vestal has likewise taken a Privateer of 36 Guns, who made a brave Resistance.

They write from Paris, that the French King has ordered the Assemblies of Paris; and there has been a Revolution in Sweden.

Letters from Petersburgh import, that a large Body of Swedes, which lately possessed Anclam, and other Towns in that Country, but driven from thence by the Prussian Troops under General Windal, were marched thither, in order to act in Conjunction with the Russians, who were assembling a Army of 40,000 Men on the Side of the Vistula.

They write from Landsberg, that General Dohna having received Intelligence [illegible] with the Thing ready to receive them.

By Private Letters we have that a Fever attended with the Flux, is very rife among the English Forces in [illegible] many [illegible]

October 2. The Prince de Lichtenstein was taken Prisoner by Marshal Keith two Days before the unhappy Affair of the 14th. The Marshal, who was going with a large Convoy to the King's Army, was attacked by the Rear by 4000 Pandours, and 40 Squadrons of Hussars and Dragoons, whom he bravely repulsed, and took several Officers Prisoners, besides the Prince above mentioned.

Extract of a Letter from Portsmouth, October 25.

"Capt. Laforey, in the Echo Frigate, arrived Yesterday, and when he left Admiral Boscawen, he was engaged with six large French Ships of War of the Line, and a Frigate, supposed to be outward bound Ships of Brest. The Admiral had only his own Ship, the Namure, of 90 Guns, the Royal William, Sir Charles Hardy, of 84 Guns, the Somerset, Capt. Edward Hughes, of 70 Guns, the Bienfaisant, of 64 Guns (with Jury Masts, and very little Ammunition) three Frigates, and a Fire-ship. The French, when Capt. Laforey left the Admiral, did not seem inclinable to fight. The Admiral was bearing down in the Namure on the French Commodore, and the Royal William and Somerset had begun the Attack on two others. We have impatiently expected News, but in vain, tho' the Wind has blown strongly fair. We are in great Pain on Account of the Admiral's Inferiority, but trust greatly on his Courage and Conduct. Admiral Holmes immediately unmoored, and joined the Orford, Lancaster, and Monmouth, to put to Sea at an Hour's Warning."

Extract of a Letter from Plymouth, dated October 29.

"A Master of a Vessel is arrived here, who says, that on the 27th Instant he left Admiral Boscawen, with four Men of War of the Line, smartly engaged with seven French Men of War, and says, that one of the English Men of War appears to him to be in a shattered Condition."

This said an Express arrived Yesterday from Prince Ferdinand, with an Account that he had intirely defeated the French, killed 6000, and taken a great Number of Prisoners; the Marquis of Granby, at the Head of the Inniskillings, and another Regiment of Dragoons, attacked the French Horse Sword in Hand, and put them all to Flight.

Yesterday Evening the Purser of the Onslow Indiaman, came to the East India House, with the agreeable News of her safe Arrival at Cork, with ten more of their Ships, homeward bound, viz. the Sandwich, Tyrcon, Royal Duke, and Carnarvon, from China; the Princess Augusta, Warwick, Marlborough, Elizabeth, Falmouth, and Norfolk, from St. Helens and Coast and Bay.

By private Letters which came by Yesterday's Mail from Ireland, we have Advice, that 7th before the Mail came away, they had Advice from Londonderry, that the His Man of War was then engaging the Marshal Belleau Privateer, off Loughwilly, and that the Firing on both Sides was very terrible. They were in the utmost Expectation of the Issue of this severe Engagement.

This Morning an Express came to the Admiralty Office from Admiral Boscawen, who is arrived in the Downs, and has brought in with him a French Man of War.

We hear that Admiral Holmes is soon to sail with a Squadron of Men of War, on a certain Expedition.

Yesterday 7. On Saturday Admiral Boscawen arrived at his House in the Admiralty from Portsmouth, and Sunday waited on his Majesty at Kensington, and was graciously received, and was afterwards at the Prince and Princess of Wales's Court.

Extract of a Letter from Bristol, dated November 6.

"Tuesday an Express arrived from Cowes with Advice, that a French Man of War of 64 Guns was lying at Anchor in Ensey Road; that it is supposed she was driven by Stress of Weather, which being communicated to Captain Bromedge of his Majesty's Ship the Antelope of 50 Guns, then lying in Kingroad, he immediately repaired on board, accompanied with several Gentlemen Volunteers of this City, weighed Anchor, though the Wind was quite contrary, and beat down the Channel in Quest of the said Frenchman. And we have the Pleasure to assure the Public, that Capt. Bromedge brought her into Kingroad last Night, where both Ships are safely anchored. Antelope hoisted Jack with three Guns, the Frenchman immediately struck her Colours.

"She is called the Belliqueux, and was coming from Quebec to France; has on board 420 [illegible] of whom are sick, and on board are [illegible] Day it is expected the Prisoners will be sent to Knowle. The Captain of the Frenchman informed the Pilot that he had already discovered a great many Rocks of Ice; he imagined to be the same Vessel that took the Marquis of Carnarvon Indiaman, and Wilhelmina Man of War, and sent the latter to the Bottom of Gold Dust, and other Valuables, taken from on board the latter. She had also taken an Irish Vessel being chased by Admiral Boscawen's Squadron first Prize, and was driven into the Channel. The Report of her having been sunk is entirely Groundless.

It is reported that Admiral Saunders has taken another of the French Men of War which were dispersed by Admiral Boscawen, and sent her into Portsmouth.

Sunday Sir Charles Hardy arrived in Town from Spithead, and waited on his Majesty at Kensington, and was graciously received.

Whitehall, November 3.

The King has been pleased to appoint the Right Hon. George Sackville, commonly called Lord George Sackville, Lieut. Gen. of his Majesty's Forces, and Master General of the Ordnance, to be Commander in Chief of all his Majesty's British Forces, and of the Forces in Lower Rhine, under the Command of the Hereditary Highest Prince Ferdinand of Brunswick, in the Room of his Grace Charles, Duke of Marlborough, deceased.

Nov. 6. His Majesty in Council was this Day pleased to appoint William Shirley, Esq. to be Captain General, and Governor in Chief of his Majesty's Bahama Islands, in America, in the Room of John Tinker, Esq. deceased.

ST. JOHN's, in Antigua, November 15.

This Morning an English Flag of Truce returned from the French Islands, with about 120 Prisoners, and some are left behind at Guadaloupe. The Prisoners say the French were greatly alarmed by an Account they had, That Admiral Boscawen was coming with a strong squadron to attack Martinico.

NEW-YORK, January 15.

At the Election held here on Tuesday last, for the Choice of Representatives to be in the next General Assembly for this City and County, Oliver De Lancey, John Cruger, Philip Livingston and Jeremiah Burroughs, Esqrs. were chosen without Opposition, and returned Members.

The Gentlemen concerned in giving Liquor at the Election (which is an old antiquated Custom) have made a Present of Two Hundred Pounds for the Use of the Poor of this City and County.

Several Robberies and Burglaries have been committed lately in and about this City, and the Perpetrators have escaped undiscovered. The Villainous Practice is so far come that Gentlemen, &c. after the Evening Gun, are not safe in the Streets, either in Town or Country, without Arms, for fear of being attacked by Footpads, Highwaymen, or carrying off at once whatever may be near their Hands when they are walking. On Tuesday Night last the Gentleman's Dwelling House of Captain Hugh Wallace, of this City, was feloniously broke open, and robbed of about Two Thousand Pounds in Gold and Paper Money, and Plate, and they also broke open

Wednesday last His Majesty's Ship Seahorse, of 40 Guns, Capt. Mead, arrived at Spithead the 14th of October last, in Company with the Arrogant Man of War and Transport, with a great Number of Troops on board, for the Reduction of Martinico.

We have the following Account from Cowes, dated the 7th Instant: That Sir Charles Hardy, with five Ships of the Line, one Frigate, and two Bombs, sailed from Cowes on the 11th of November last, from thence he parted with the Commodore, in Company with Commodore Keppel, with five Sail

[illegible] Gentlemen Deputies [illegible] Assembly [illegible] Council [illegible] Assembly [illegible] Council [illegible] Assembly [illegible] Council

TO BE SOLD,

TWO Tracts of LAND in *Frederick* County; the one situate on *Bennett's* Creek, about 10 Miles below *Frederick-Town* on *Monocacy*, on the main Road from that Town to *Rhodes-River*; 400 Acres of it are in Fenceing; the whole Quantity 2250 Acres; well Timbered and Watered; there is some Walnut and Locust grows on it. The other contains about 150 Acres, scituate 16 Miles below the former Tract, 20 Miles from *Rhodesprings* on *Patowmack*, and 23 Miles from *Pedegrue* Landing. It is improved with about 6 Acres of Timothy Meadow, a good framed House, several Tobacco-Houses, &c. and above 200 Acres of fresh Land under good Fence, the whole Tract having been cleared within six Years. This Land is pleasantly situated in the former the Place, has plenty of Meadow Ground, and good Springs of Water; The Meadow Ground may be easily improved, there scarcely being a Tree in it. It is good Land for Wheat or Tobacco. Also about 300 Acres, adjoining to the first abovementioned Tract, well Watered and Timbered. They are the oldest Tracts of any near them, and the Titles are very clear and good. Enquire of REALF BORDLEY, in *Baltimore* County.

THE Subscriber hereby forewarns all Persons from buying or bartering with his Servants in any Manner whatever, at their Peril.

ANDREW BUCHANAN.

THERE is in the Possession of *Simeon Posteley*, living near *Patapsco* Ferry, taken up as Strays,

A large Iron Grey Mare, about 15 Hands high, branded on the near Shoulder and Buttock with W. and has a Bob Tail. And,

A large Bay Mare, about 14 Hands high, branded on the near Shoulder, but with what cannot be distinguished, she has a Star in her Forehead, and paces slow.

The Owner or Owners may have them again, on proving Property, and paying Charges.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of *Mrs. Elizabeth M'Leod*, deceased, are desired to come and pay their Accounts to the Subscribers; and those who cannot conveniently pay immediately, are desired to come and settle them by Note or Bond: And those who have any legal Demands against the said Estate, are desired to bring in their Accounts proved according to Law.

WILLIAM ROBERTS, } Executors.
ROBERT COUPER, }

Annapolis, January 4, 1759.

DESERTED from Lieutenant *Ayre's* Recruiting Party of the 44th Regiment of Foot, after being legally enlisted, *Donald M'Gill*, born in *Ireland*, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, well set, and of a fair Complexion. He had on when he went away, a short blue Coat cuff'd and faced with red, a Cotton Jacket, and a Pair of new Shoes and Stockings. The said *M'Gill* broke his Shoe-Buckles open. The said *M'Gill* having been enlisted, and passed to the *Maryland* Forces, and has got a Furlough from Capt. *Dagworthy*, by which he is supposed he will endeavour to pass.

Deserted also on the 9th Instant, *Henry Shepherd*, born in *Chester* County, *Pennsylvania*, about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, thick set, full faced, of a fair Complexion, with a Mole on his right Cheek, and is very talkative when in Liquor. He had on when he went away, a brown Country Cloth Jacket, Osnabrigs Trowsers, and new Shoes. He is supposed to have got about four Pounds in Cash, chiefly Dollars, and one Pistole. He is supposed to have gone towards the Place where he was born.

Whoever takes up the said Deserters, and brings them to *Annapolis*, or secures them in any Goal in this Province or elsewhere, so that they may be had again, shall receive Two Pistoles Reward for each, from

THOMAS EVANS.

TO BE SOLD,

SEVERAL valuable Tracts of LAND, lying in the lower Part of *Frederick* County, well Watered, Timbered, and many of good Meadow Ground; for Cash, Bills of Exchange, or heavy Tobacco. For further Particulars enquire of

HENRY WEIGHT CLARE.

STRAYED from the Subscriber's Plantation, at *Linganore*, in *Frederick* County, some Time last Summer,

A black Cow, with a white Rump, and some white about her, she is mark'd either with a Crop in each Ear, or with two Slopes Cuts in the other; or with under Cuts in both Ears.

Also, a Brindle Bull Yearling, with some white Clips in each Ear, has a white Face, and some white about him.

Also, a Brindle Bull Yearling, with some white about him, and a white Face, and some white about the Legs.

Also, a Brindle Bull Yearling, with some white about him, and a white Face, and some white about the Legs.

Also, a Brindle Bull Yearling, with some white about him, and a white Face, and some white about the Legs.

Whoever secures the said Cattle, so that the Subscriber may get them again, shall have Ten Shillings Reward; and for the Sheep Five Shillings.

JOHN HEARWOOD.

STRAYED from the Subscriber's Plantation, in *Prince-George's* County, Four Steers, 4 or 5 Years old, branded on the Buttocks B T, but not distinct; they may be also marked in the Ears.

Strayed from the same Place, a Heifer branded on the Horns S O.

Whoever will give Information, so as that the said Cattle may be got again, shall receive Ten Shillings Reward for each.

B. TASKER, junior.

October 24, 1758.

STRAY'D from Mr. *John Duncastle's*, at *Port-Tobacco*, about Eight Days ago, a middle-siz'd Dark colour'd Horse, has a bob Tail, a mealy Star in his Forehead, and branded on the near Buttock with the Letters I H

Whoever brings the said Horse to the Subscriber, shall be paid for his Trouble, and reasonable Charges home.

DANIEL JOY, Sr. THOMAS JENIFER.

STRAYED away the 23d of *October* last, from Mr. *Reynold's* in *Annapolis*, a Bright Bay Horse, about 15 Hands high, has a Switch Tail, a Lump on his upper Lip as large as a Musket-Ball, one of his fore Legs has been cut with Spurrels, he trots and gallops, and is branded on the near Buttock 5 3.

Whoever brings the said Horse to Mr. *Reynold's*, or to Mr. *Lowndes's* at *Elkridge*, shall receive a Reward of Ten Shillings.

BASIL WHEELER.

On Monday the 27th Day of May *next, the Subscribers will sell to the Highest Bidder, at the House of* Mr. William Brown, *at* London-Town,

ABOUT 350 Acres of LAND, lying very near *London-Town*, the Land being Part of the Estate of Mr. *William Pitts*, late of said Town, deceased. For Title, enquire of the Subscribers.

JAMES MOUAT,
JAMES DICK,
JAMES NICHOLSON, } Executors.

To be SOLD to the HIGHEST BIDDER, at CHESTER-TOWN, *Kent County, for Bills of Exchange or Paper Currency, on Tuesday the* 22nd *of* MARCH *next, being the first Day of Court,*

A MESSUAGE or TENEMENT, called TOWN-SIDE, commodiously situated in the said County, on *Chester* River, for the Grain Trade of both *Kent* and *Queen-Anne's*, being about 20 Miles from *Dock-Creek* on *Delaware*, 8 Miles South from *George-Town*, 10 Miles above *Chester-Town*, and 7 Miles from the Head of the River. The Tenement consists of a good Dwelling-House with a Cellar, a good Brick Store-House with a Cellar, Kitchen, Granary, and other Out-Houses, with a good paled Garden, and about 18 Acres of excellent Pasture under good Fence. The Landing is a Quay or Wharf, where a Vessel of 2000 Bushels Burthen may come and load.

The Premisses may be viewed at any Time before the Sale, on applying to Mr. *John Eccleston* in the Neighbourhood.

By a special Power on Record from the late *Peter Coultas*, and Sons, Esquires.

H. COLLISTER.

To be SOLD, or LET by the YEAR,

A Convenient new BRICK HOUSE, in the Court-House Street, with a Cellar under it, and Kitchen and Wash-House adjoining, with a Garden, Stable, and other Conveniencies. For Particulars, enquire of Mrs. Catherine Jennings in *Annapolis*.

JAMES BISSET, Attorney at Law, and Clerk of this Medical of Thanksgiving, to Publish for the favourable Interposition of the Providence of the Present Year, the ARTICLES of the LAST WILL and TESTAMENT of the late Lord *BALTIMORE*. And those of the Gentlemen who were so good as to assist themselves in procuring Subscriptions, are desired to call for their Subscription Papers, and pay the Money in to said Bisset, by the 1st of February next, at which Time (having got enough of Subscribers to enable him to go on with the Work) he proposes to finish his Copy to the Printer.

As the List of the Subscribers is to be prefixed to the Copy, he asks the Favour of those who have the Subscription Papers, that they would immediately call; the Gentlemen who have Subscribed, by their Titles or Callings, and the County they live in.

Whoever have not as yet subscribed, and wish to have their Names in the List, are desired to do it before the 2d of *February*, or send a Note of their Names to the said *William Rind*.

JAMES BISSET.

A SCHEME OF A LOTTERY,

For Raising the Sum of FOUR HUNDRED and THIRTY-FIVE POUNDS, for further beautifying the DOCK in ANNAPOLIS, and other public Uses within the said CITY; to consist of 4000 TICKETS, at 15*s.* each, 1504 of which are to be fortunate, viz.

Prizes.	Value.	Amount.
1 of	300 £.	300 £.
2 of	75	150
4 of	50	200
8 of	25	200
16 of	15	240
30 of	10	300
50 of	5	250
200 of	2	400
1000 of	1	1000
1 first Drawn, and allowed a Prize		
1 last Drawn, Ditto,		
1504 Prizes,	Amounting to 3450	
2496 Blanks.	Seven rolled & one drawn Blank.	

4000 Tickets at 15*s.* each, make 3000 £.

THE Uses to which the above Sum of 435 £. is to be applied, tending to the Public Good and Service of the Community, as well without as within this City; the best Expedient that could be fallen on at this Time for raising that Sum, being a LOTTERY, and the Scheme thereof calculated so much to the Advantage of the Adventurers (there not being Two Blanks and a Half to a Prize, and the Deduction on the whole not 15 per Cent.) Nothing more need be said for its Recommendation: And it is not doubted but the Tickets will soon be all Sold, as near One Thousand of them are already engaged.

When the Tickets are disposed of, the Drawing is to begin immediately, in the Court-House in *Annapolis*, in the Presence of Five of the Managers at least, and as many of the Adventurers as shall think proper to attend.

The Managers are, Mr. Mayor, *John Ross, Stephen Bordley, Nicholas Maccubbin Jones, Walter Dulany, William Rogers, Jeremiah Jennings, William Reynolds, James Greene, Henry Woodward, James Tolsdin, John Chapman*, and *Thomas Clagett*, are to give Bond and the usual Oath for the faithful Discharge of their Trust.

A List of the Prizes, to be published in the *Maryland Gazettes*, and Paid off, without any Deduction, as soon as the Drawing is finished. And those not demanded in Six Months after, to be deemed as generously given in the Behalf for the Uses above-mentioned.

The whole to be concluded, as near as may be, in the same Manner as Seven Lotteries in *England*.

Tickets to be had of any of the Managers.

N. B. Fourteen Days Notice, at least, will be given in the GAZETTE, of the Time of Drawing.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, and WILLIAM RIND, at the PRINTING-OFFICE, the Sign of the BIBLE, in *Church-street*; where all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12*s.* 6*d.* per Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling each Week after, and in Proportion for long Advertisements.